



**KEMENTERIAN PERENCANAAN PEMBANGUNAN NASIONAL/  
BADAN PERENCANAAN PEMBANGUNAN NASIONAL**

**KEMITRAAN GLOBAL  
(*GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP*)  
UNTUK MENCAPAI PEMBANGUNAN  
BERKELANJUTAN**

**Deputi Bidang Pendanaan Pembangunan**



**30 Januari 2014**



# OUTLINE

- Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC) (2012)
- Perubahan Paradigma
- 10 Global Indicator
- Kerangka *Knowledge Sharing* dalam *Development Effectiveness*
- Contoh Kasus
- Pertemuan *HLM GPEDC Mexico*
- *Concept Note GPEDC* pada *HLM Mexico*

# Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC) (2012)

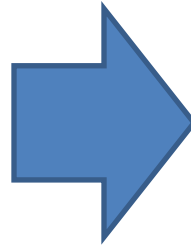
1. **GPEDC** adalah *new, inclusive, and representative Global Partnership to support and ensure accountability for the implementation of commitments at the political level.*
2. **Mandates:**
  1. *Maintain political momentum for effective development cooperation;*
  2. *Ensure accountability for implementing Busan commitments;*
  3. *Faciliate knowledge exchange and sharing of lesson learned;*
  4. *Support implementation of Busan commitments at the country level.*
3. **Governance:**
  1. *Steering Committee: Co-chairs (Indonesia, UK, Nigeria); 15 members (Countries, IO, CSO, Parliament, private sector);*
  2. *Members (160 countries, 45 IOs/CSO/Philanthropy Organization)*

# Perubahan Paradigma

AID  
EFFECTIVENESS

PARIS  
DECLARATION  
(2005)

12 Indicators of Progress



DEVELOPMENT  
EFFECTIVENESS

BUSAN OUTCOME  
DOCUMENT  
(2011)

*Progress since Busan*  
(10 Indicators)



- *Role of MICs*
- *Knowledge Sharing*
- *South-South and Triangular Cooperation*
- *Financing:*
  - *Domestic Resource Mobilization*
  - *Private Sector*

5 new indicators

# 10 Global indicators

Country level  
Data  
Collection

	Themes	Indicators
1	Development co-operation is focused on <b>results</b> that meet developing countries' priorities	Extent of use of country results frameworks by co-operation providers (specific criteria to be finalised).
2	<b>Civil society</b> operates within an environment which maximises its engagement in and contribution to development	Enabling environment Index
3	Engagement and contribution of the <b>private sector</b> to development	Measure to be identified
4	<b>Transparency</b> : information on development co-operation is publicly available	Measure of state of implementation of the common standard by co-operation providers
5	Development co-operation is more <b>predictable</b>	a) annual: proportion of aid disbursed within the fiscal year within which it was scheduled by co-operation providers b) medium-term: proportion of aid covered by indicative forward spending plans provided at the country level
6	Aid is on budgets which are subject to <b>parliamentary scrutiny</b>	% of aid scheduled for disbursement that is recorded in the annual budgets approved by the legislatures of developing countries
7	<b>Mutual accountability</b> among development co-operation actors is strengthened through inclusive reviews	% of countries that undertake inclusive mutual assessments of progress in implementing agreed commitments
8	<b>Gender equality</b> and women's empowerment	% of countries with systems that track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment
9	Effective institutions: developing <b>countries' systems</b> are strengthened and used	(a) Quality of developing country PFM systems (b) Use of country PFM and procurement systems
10	Aid is <b>untied</b>	% of aid that is fully untied

Brenda Killen, OECD, "Global framework for monitoring Busan commitments: an update", *Meeting of the SC-GPEDC, 6 December 2012*

# KERANGKA *KNOWLEDGE SHARING* DALAM *DEVELOPMENT EFFECTIVENESS*

**Global Development Cooperation Agenda**  
*From Aid to Development Effectiveness*  
→ Mandate: Knowledge Sharing  
ie. GPEDC, G-20, UNDCF

**Global Dev. Agenda (MDGs & Post 2015 agenda)**

**Knowledge Sharing**

**Developing Country Led Knowledge Hub**

DEMAND  
SUPPLY

**SSTC**

- **Substance** thematic areas – Post 2015 (country Comparative Advantage- eg. Poverty reduction, macro-economic management, disaster management)
- **Brokerage** Mechanism (Existing platforms)
- **CLKH Infrastructure** (toolkit, capacity building, etc)
- **Funding activities** – optimizing existing funding (eg. Aid, Philanthropy org, Private Sector, Trust Fund)

**Implementation of Activities**

**Abbreviation:**  
**GPEDC:** Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation  
**CLKH:** Country Led Knowledge Hub  
**SSTC:** South-South and Triangular Cooperation

Sumber:  
Materi Indonesia pada GPEDC

# Contoh Kasus

## PKH (Program Keluarga Harapan)

- Belajar dan pengembangan dari program 'Bola Escola' Brazil dan Kolombia yang diadoksi dalam konteks Indonesia menjadi '*best-fit*' program.
- Pada 2007 program ini mencakup 432 ribu rumah tangga, pada 2014 di-*scale up* menjadi 3 juta rumah tangga.

## PNPM (Program Nasional Pemberdayaan Masyarakat)

- Dikembangkan melalui tahapan program dari skala yang kecil dan secara bertahap diperluas atas dukungan organisasi internasional
- Saat ini telah dikembangkan menjadi program nasional dengan pendanaan melalui pendanaan nasional.
- *Share* pengalaman dengan Afghanistan, Mongolia, Kenya, Haiti, Pakistan, Vietnam, Laos, Cina, dan India.

# HIGH LEVEL MEETING GPEDC

- **Visi pertemuan**: bagaimana GPEDC bisa **berkontribusi terhadap 'how'** dalam pencapaian *Post 2015 development agenda*, dan **keunggulan komparatif dari kemitraan** yang dibangun yakni melalui **inklusivitas** dan pendekatan yang berlandaskan pada hasil (***result based approach***).
- Diadakan pada **15-16 April 2014 di Mexico City**, dan diharapkan dapat dihadiri oleh negara yang meng-*endorse Busan Outcome Document*.
- Akan membahas tema utama dari ***concept note*** terkait ***Progress Since Busan; Partnering for Effective Taxation and Domestic Resource Mobilization for Development; South-South, Triangular Cooperation, and Knowledge Sharing; Development Cooperation with Middle Income Countries; Business as a Partner in Development***. Selain itu juga akan diadakan *side event* yang terkait tema-tema tersebut.
- Hasil dari HLM ini akan berupa ***communiqué*** yang akan disepakati oleh negara yang hadir



# GPEDC CONCEPT NOTES

## Progress Since Busan

### **Objectives**

- Highlight benefit of post Busan approach as new, inclusive, and country focused.
- Take stock of progress made in implementing Busan Commitment
- Build upon Busan Principles of inclusion and diversity, democratic ownership, transparency, and accountability.

## Domestic Resource Mobilization

### **Themes of Session:**

- Strengthen institutional capacity for Domestic Revenue Mobilization
- Promote and foster action to increase transparency and mutual accountability
- Support efforts to increase revenue/tax base, combat illicit flow
- Ensure DRM integrated in post 2015 Agenda

## South-South, Triangular Cooperation & Knowledge Sharing

### **Objectives:**

- **SSTC Session:** to share experiences in SS effective cooperation based on Busan SS Framework. To look at Triangular Cooperation effectiveness agenda.
- **KS Session:** improve understanding of KS as pillar of development cooperation by showcasing country led process to support Post 2015.

## Middle- Income Countries

### **Objectives:**

- Development effectiveness as instrument to ensure cooperation flows act as catalyze for national development efforts.
- Promote integral classification system to addresses the differences between MIC
- Graduation of LIC to MIC poses particular challenges and its multiplying effect.

## Business in Development (Private Sector)

### **Themes of Session**

- Catalytic partnership for development, multi stakeholders public private dialogue
- Business transparency
- Roadmap to transformational development with private sector
- Country level implementation for Mon-Ev
- Innovative use of ODA to leverage private sector investment
- Create share value

**TERIMA KASIH**